Before you invest, you may want to review the fund’s prospectus, which contains more information about the fund and its risks. You can find the fund’s prospectus, reports to shareholders, and other information about the fund (including the fund’s SAI) online at institutional.fidelity.com/vipfunddocuments. You can also get this information at no cost by calling 1-866-997-1254 or by sending an e-mail request to funddocuments@fmr.com. The fund’s prospectus and SAI dated April 30, 2019 are incorporated herein by reference.
Beginning on January 1, 2021, as permitted by regulations adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission, and if your insurance carrier elects to participate, you may not be receiving paper copies of the Fund’s shareholder reports from the insurance company that offers your variable insurance product unless you specifically request paper copies from your financial professional or the administrator of your variable insurance product. Instead, the reports will be made available on a website, and you will be notified by mail each time a report is posted and provided with a website link to access the report.

If you already elected to receive shareholder reports electronically, you will not be affected by this change and you need not take any action. You may elect to receive shareholder reports and other communications from the Fund electronically, by contacting your financial professional or the administrator of your variable insurance product. If you own a Fidelity-administered variable insurance product, please visit fidelity.com/mailpreferences to make your election or call 1-800-343-3548.

You may elect to receive all future reports in paper free of charge. If you wish to continue receiving paper copies of your shareholder reports, you may contact your insurance professional or the administrator of your variable insurance product. If you own a Fidelity-administered variable insurance product, please visit fidelity.com/mailpreferences to make your election or call 1-800-343-3548. Your election to receive reports in paper will apply to all funds available under your variable insurance product.
Fund Summary

Fund/Class:
VIP Growth & Income Portfolio/Initial Class, Service Class, Service Class 2

Investment Objective
The fund seeks high total return through a combination of current income and capital appreciation.

Fee Table
The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred, directly or indirectly, when you, as a variable product owner, buy and hold interests in a separate account that invests in shares of the fund. The table does not include any fees or other expenses of any variable annuity or variable life insurance product; if it did, overall fees and expenses would be higher.

Not Applicable

Fees
(fees paid directly from your investment)

Annual Operating Expenses
(expenses that you pay each year as a % of the value of your investment)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Management fee</th>
<th>Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees</th>
<th>Other expenses</th>
<th>Total annual operating expenses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Initial Class</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.44%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.11%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.55%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This example helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other funds.

Let’s say, hypothetically, that the annual return for shares of the fund is 5% and that the fees and the annual operating expenses for shares of the fund are exactly as described in the fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. This example does not include any fees or other expenses of any variable annuity or variable life insurance product; if it did, overall expenses would be higher. For every $10,000 invested, here’s how much you, as a variable product owner, would pay in total expenses if all interests in a separate account that invests in shares of the fund were redeemed at the end of each time period indicated:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time Period</th>
<th>Initial Class</th>
<th>Service Class</th>
<th>Service Class 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 year</td>
<td>$56</td>
<td>$66</td>
<td>$82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 years</td>
<td>$176</td>
<td>$208</td>
<td>$255</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 years</td>
<td>$307</td>
<td>$362</td>
<td>$444</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 years</td>
<td>$689</td>
<td>$810</td>
<td>$990</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Portfolio Turnover
The fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the example, affect the fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 41% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies
- Normally investing a majority of assets in common stocks with a focus on those that pay current dividends and show potential for capital appreciation.
- Potentially investing in bonds, including lower-quality debt securities (those of less than investment-grade quality, also referred to as high yield debt securities or junk bonds), as well as stocks that are not currently paying dividends, but offer prospects for future income or capital appreciation.
- Investing in domestic and foreign issuers.
- Investing in either “growth” stocks or “value” stocks or both.
- Using fundamental analysis of factors such as each issuer’s financial condition and industry position, as well as market and economic conditions, to select investments.

Principal Investment Risks
- Stock Market Volatility. Stock markets are volatile and can decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments. Different parts of the
market, including different market sectors, and different types of securities can react differently to these developments.

- **Interest Rate Changes.** Interest rate increases can cause the price of a debt security to decrease.
- **Foreign Exposure.** Foreign markets can be more volatile than the U.S. market due to increased risks of adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments and can perform differently from the U.S. market.
- **Issuer-Specific Changes.** The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole. Lower-quality debt securities (those of less than investment-grade quality, also referred to as high yield debt securities or junk bonds) and certain types of other securities involve greater risk of default or price changes due to changes in the credit quality of the issuer. The value of lower-quality debt securities and certain types of other securities can be more volatile due to increased sensitivity to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments.

You could lose money by investing in the fund.

**Performance**

The following information is intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the fund. The information illustrates the changes in the performance of the fund’s shares from year to year and compares the performance of the fund’s shares to the performance of a securities market index over various periods of time. The index description appears in the “Additional Index Information” section of the prospectus. Returns for shares of the fund do not include the effect of any sales charges or other expenses of any variable annuity or variable life insurance product; if they did, returns for shares of the fund would be lower. Past performance is not an indication of future performance.

### Year-by-Year Returns

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Calendar Years</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>2015</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>2017</th>
<th>2018</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Percentage (%)</td>
<td>22.70%</td>
<td>14.78%</td>
<td>1.69%</td>
<td>18.56%</td>
<td>33.56%</td>
<td>10.47%</td>
<td>-2.27%</td>
<td>16.08%</td>
<td>16.90%</td>
<td>-8.98%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**During the periods shown in the chart for Initial Class:**
- **Highest Quarter Return:** 15.24% June 30, 2009
- **Lowest Quarter Return:** -15.11% December 31, 2018

### Average Annual Returns

For the periods ended December 31, 2018

- **Initial Class:**
  - **Past 1 year:** -8.98%
  - **Past 5 years:** 5.92%
  - **Past 10 years:** 12.10%
- **Service Class:**
  - **Past 1 year:** -9.07%
  - **Past 5 years:** 5.82%
  - **Past 10 years:** 12.00%
- **Service Class 2:**
  - **Past 1 year:** -9.19%
  - **Past 5 years:** 5.67%
  - **Past 10 years:** 11.84%
- **S&P 500® Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes):**
  - **Past 1 year:** -4.38%
  - **Past 5 years:** 8.49%
  - **Past 10 years:** 13.12%

### Investment Adviser

Fidelity Management & Research Company (FMR) (the Adviser) is the fund’s manager. FMR Co., Inc. (FMRC) and other investment advisers serve as sub-advisers for the fund.

### Portfolio Manager(s)

Matthew Fruhan (portfolio manager) has managed the fund since February 2011.

### Purchase and Sale of Shares

Only Permitted Accounts, including separate accounts of insurance companies and qualified funds of funds that have signed the
appropriate agreements with the fund, if applicable, can buy or sell shares. Insurance companies offer variable annuity and variable life insurance products through separate accounts. A qualified fund of funds is an eligible insurance-dedicated mutual fund that invests in other mutual funds.

Permitted Accounts - not variable product owners - are the shareholders of the fund. Variable product owners hold interests in separate accounts, including separate accounts that are shareholders of qualified funds of funds. The terms of the offering of interests in separate accounts are included in the variable annuity or variable life insurance product prospectus.

The price to buy one share is its net asset value per share (NAV). Shares will be bought at the NAV next calculated after an order is received in proper form.

The price to sell one share is its NAV. Shares will be sold at the NAV next calculated after an order is received in proper form.

The fund is open for business each day the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) is open.

The fund has no minimum investment requirement.

**Tax Information**

Variable product owners seeking to understand the tax consequences of their investment should consult with their tax advisers or the insurance company that issued their variable product, or refer to their variable annuity or variable life insurance product prospectus. Insurance company separate accounts generally do not pay tax on dividends or capital gain distributions from the fund.

**Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries**

The fund, the Adviser, Fidelity Distributors Corporation (FDC), and/or their affiliates may pay intermediaries, which may include insurance companies and their affiliated broker-dealers and service-providers (who may be affiliated with the Adviser or FDC), for the sale of fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing your intermediary and your investment professional to recommend the fund over another investment. Ask your investment professional or visit your intermediary's web site for more information.